

Bandgap Reference Simulation / Measurement Comparison

Dr. Clemens Schönbein, Infineon Technologies AG
Marcus Nübling, Infineon Technologies AG



Never stop thinking

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Motivation

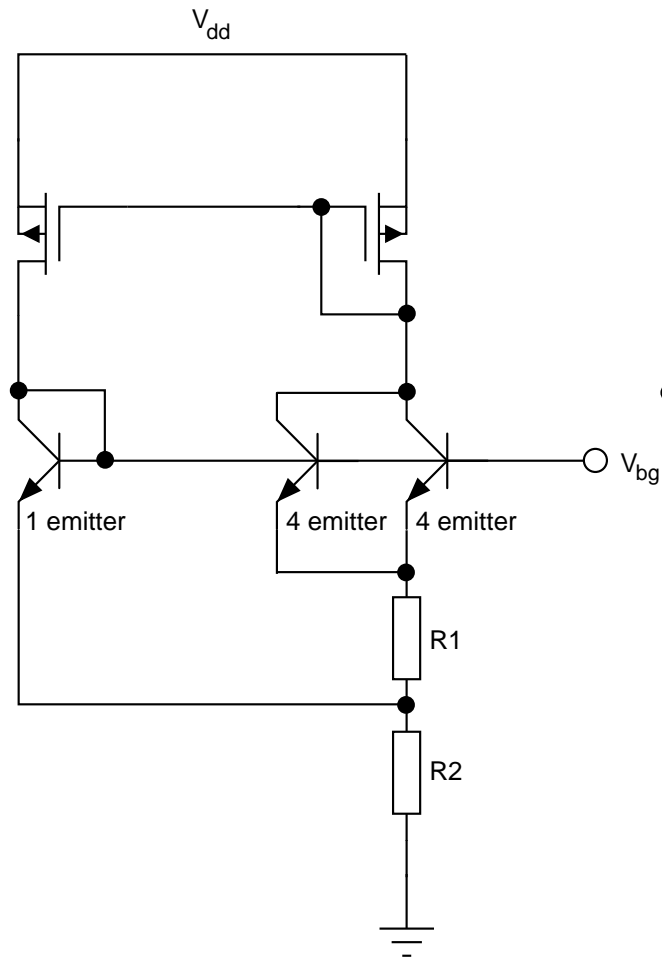
Circuit designer feedback: measured bandgap reference voltage does not match with simulated results

- Topics of investigation:
 - Influence of attached circuitry?
 - Influence of transistor configuration?
 - Influence of package?

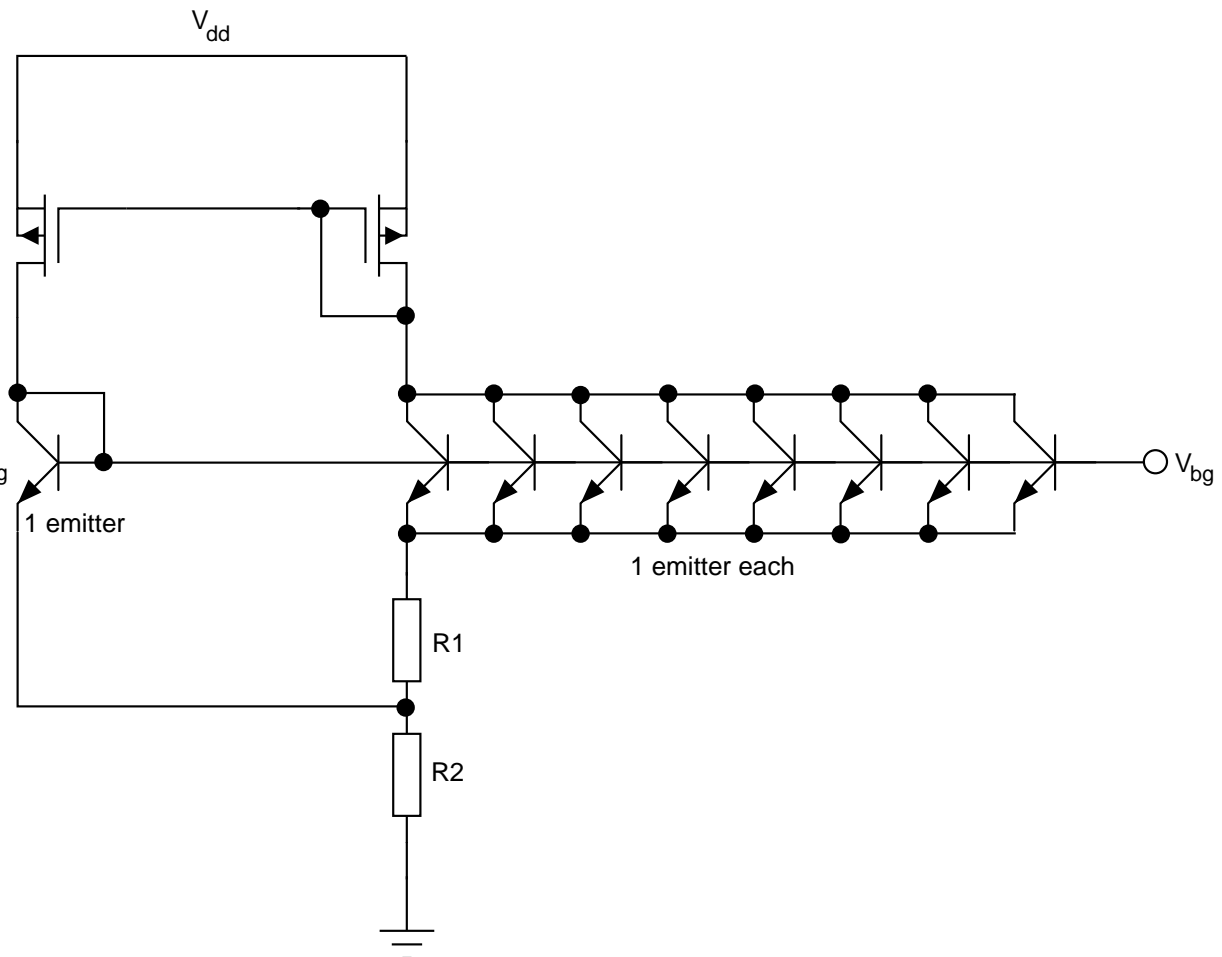
- Two bandgap reference circuits have been designed for:
 - Direct probe access to the pure bandgap circuitry
 - Evaluation of transistor configuration
 - Wafer level measurement (i. e. test chip)

Test circuits (simplified)

Brokaw cell 1:2x4

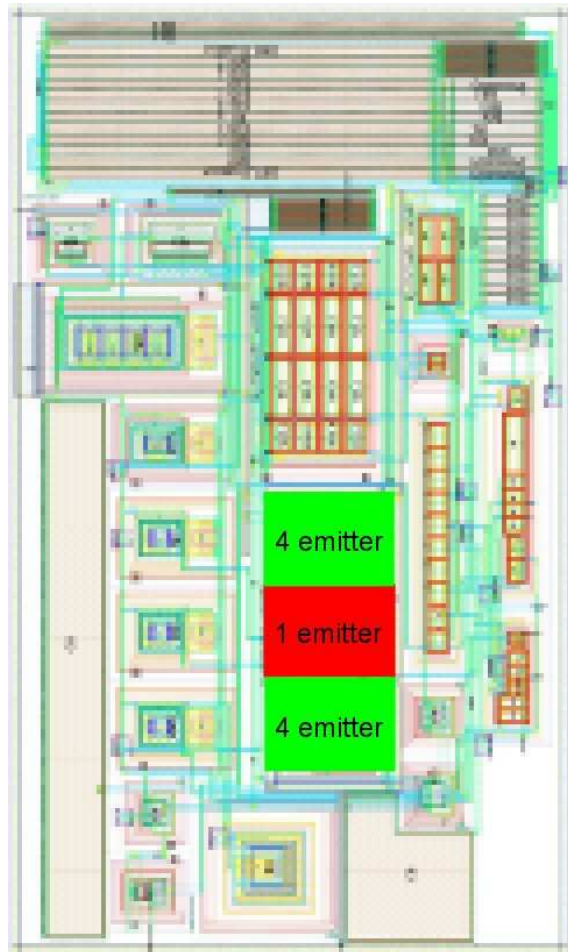


Brokaw cell 1:8

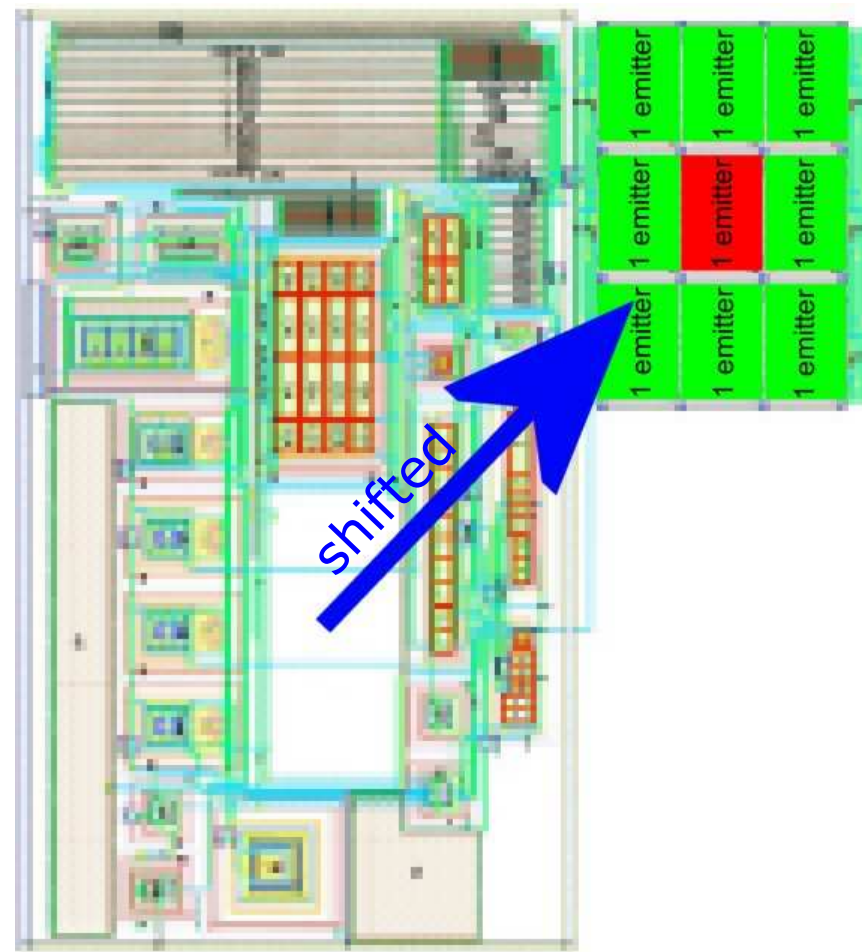


Test circuits: layouts

Brokaw cell 1:2x4



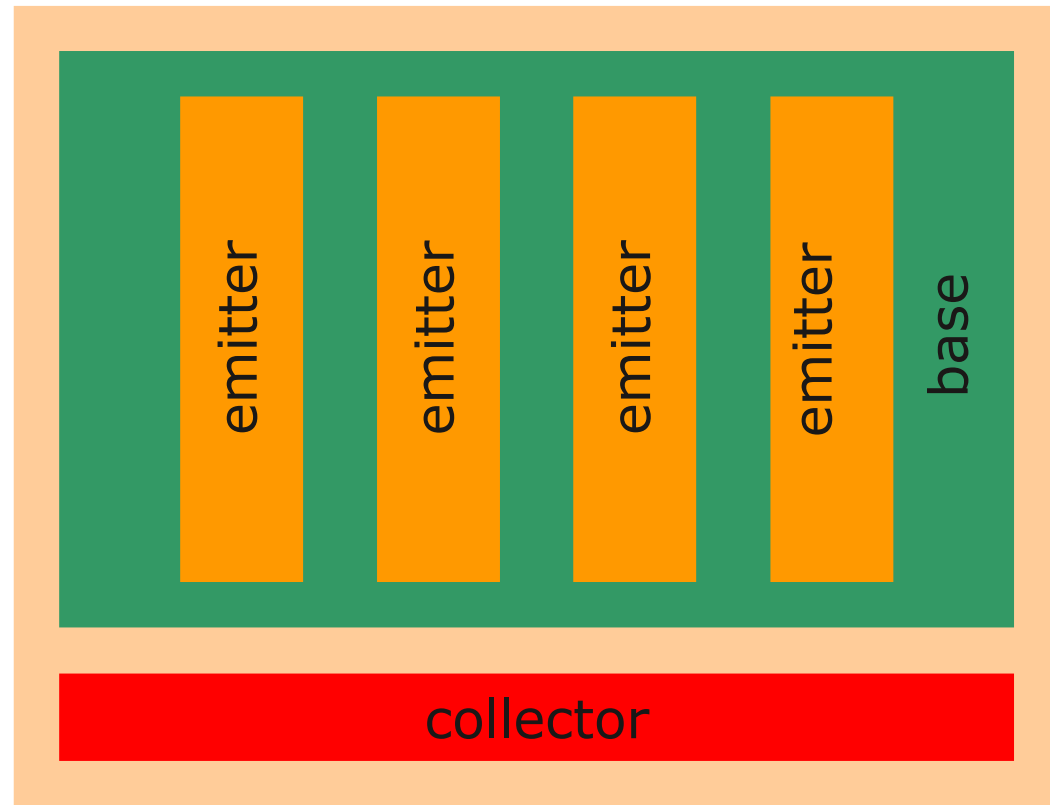
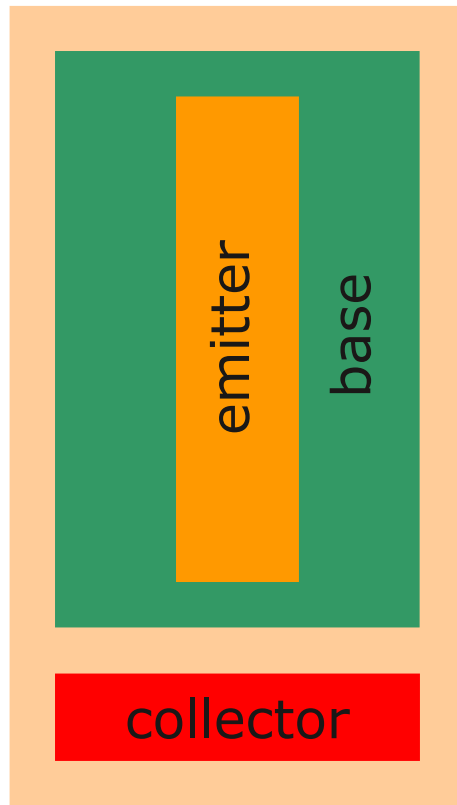
Brokaw cell 1:8



Test circuits: NPN layout

single emitter device

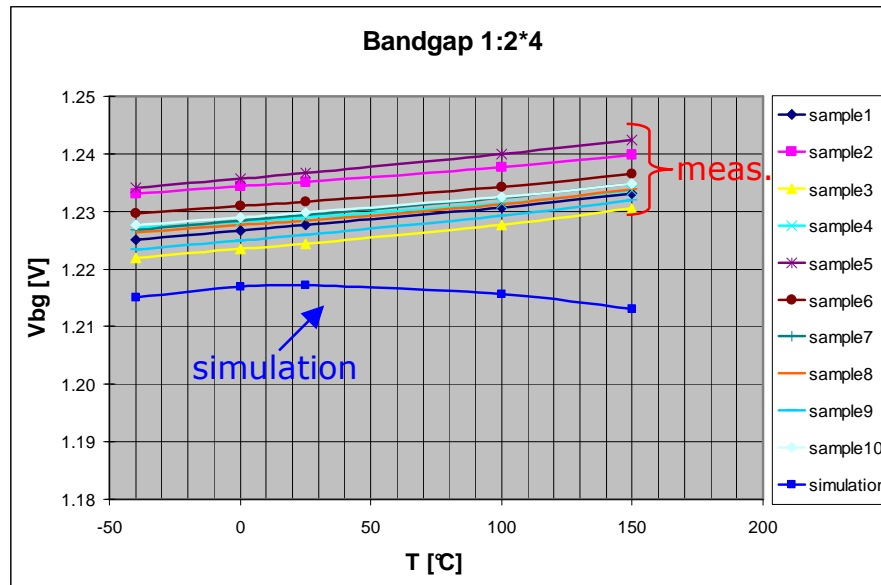
4 emitter device



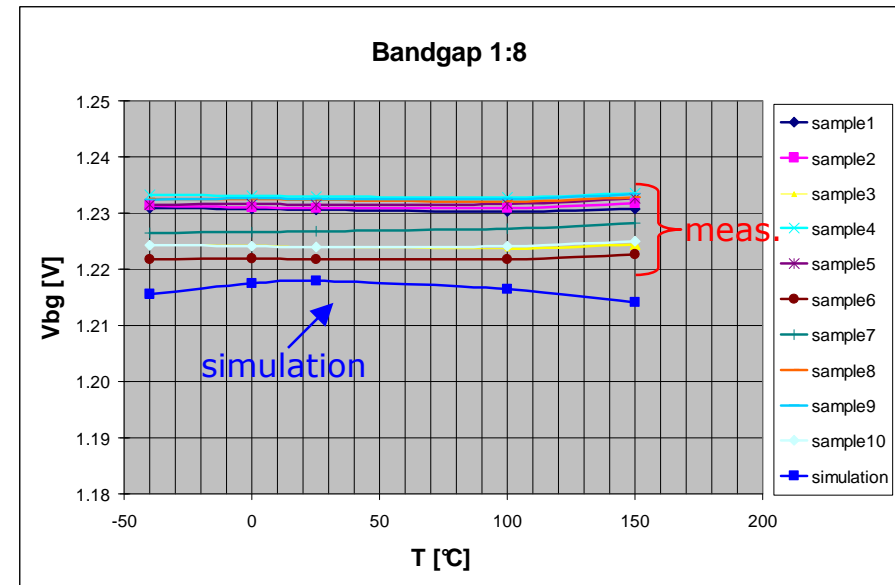
- For the multiple emitter device all emitters are located in a common base implantation

Packaged sample measurements

1:2x4 bandgap



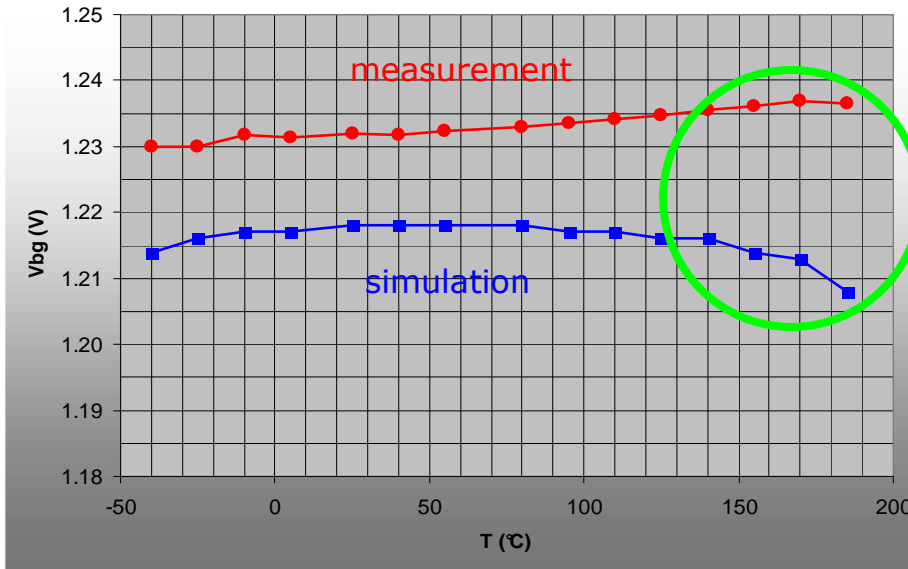
1:8 bandgap



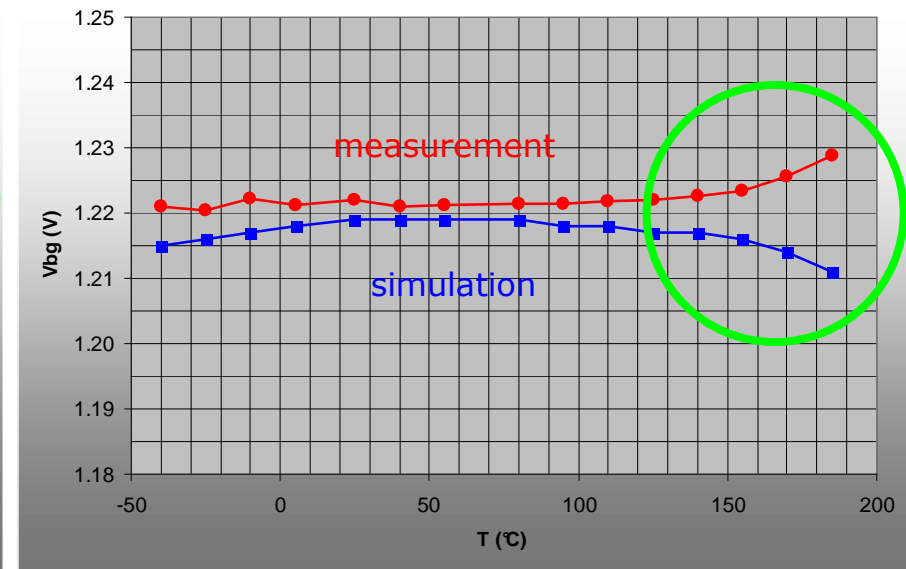
- 1:8 bandgap shows better behavior regarding temperature gradient and offset
- Tradeoff between slightly better behavior and increased area consumption

Wafer level measurements

1:2x4 bandgap



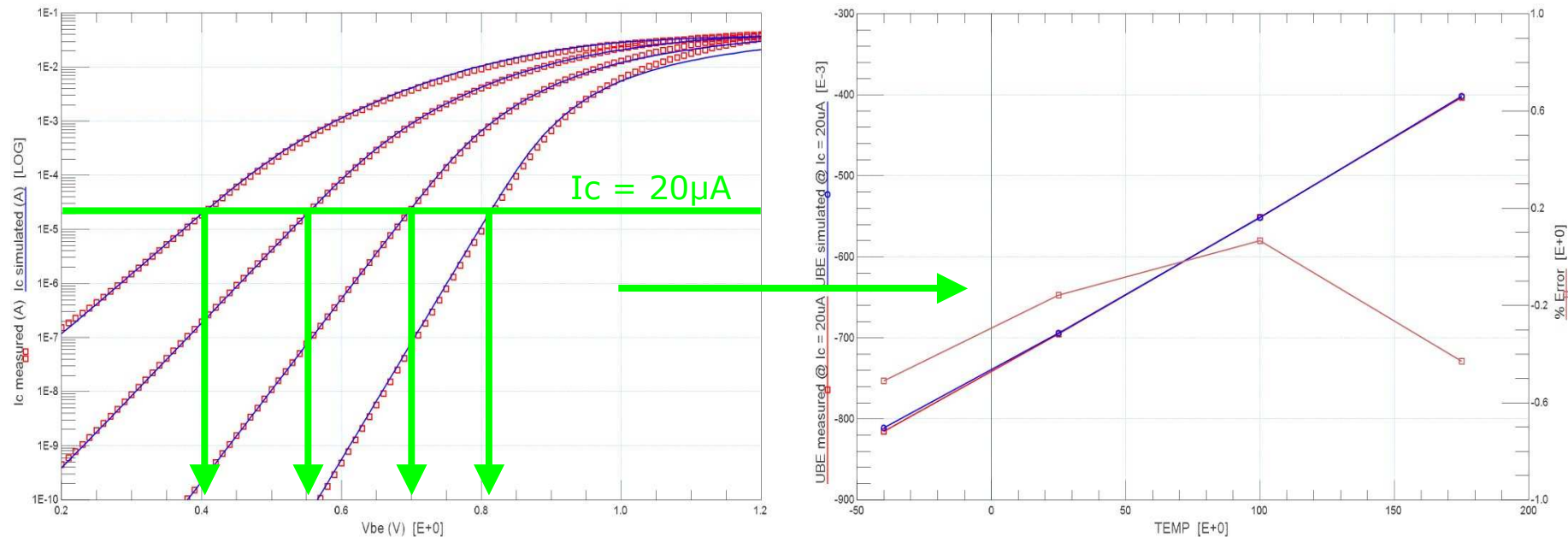
1:8 bandgap



- Results from package measurements nicely confirmed
- No negative influence of package detectable!
- Very good result for the 1:8 bandgap
- High temperature regime needs fine tuning

Parameter extraction strategy (2)

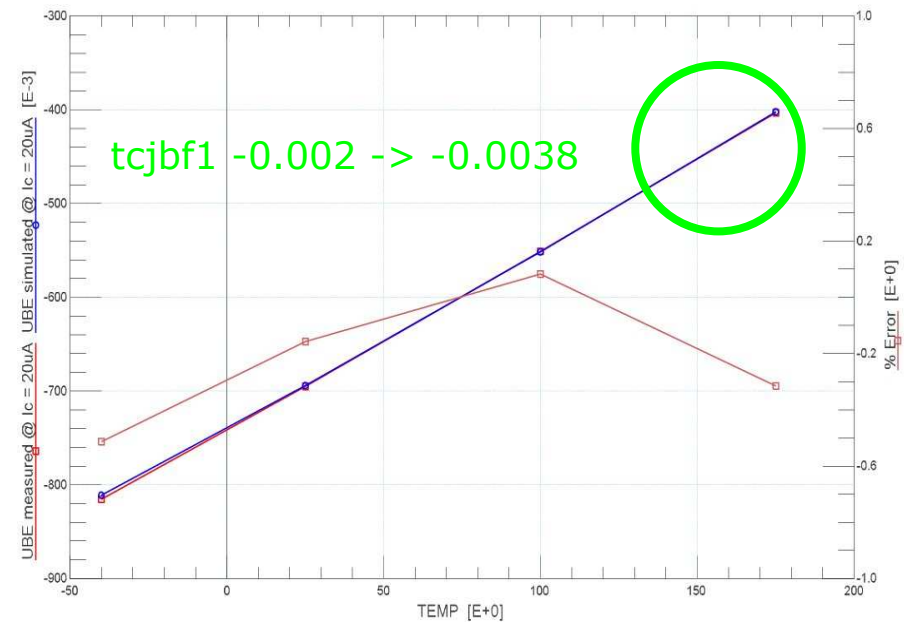
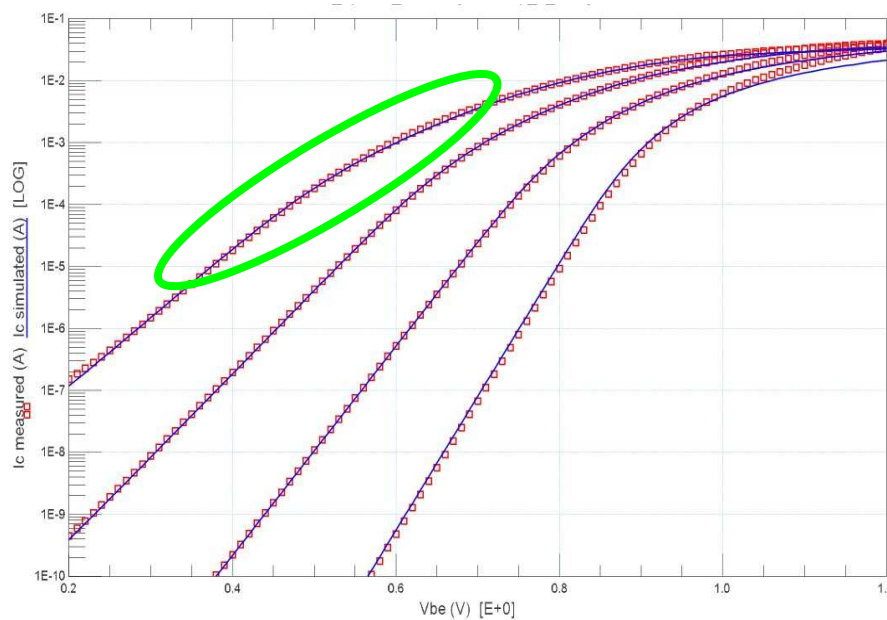
- Extraction from (T = -40°C, 25°C, 100°C, 175°C):



- V_{be} versus temperature (calculated from Gummel Plot by interpolation) is the most sensitive plot for temperature coefficient tuning!
- Either e_g or p_t should be tuned, use p_t and keep e_g as fundamental physical constant

Parameter extraction strategy (3)

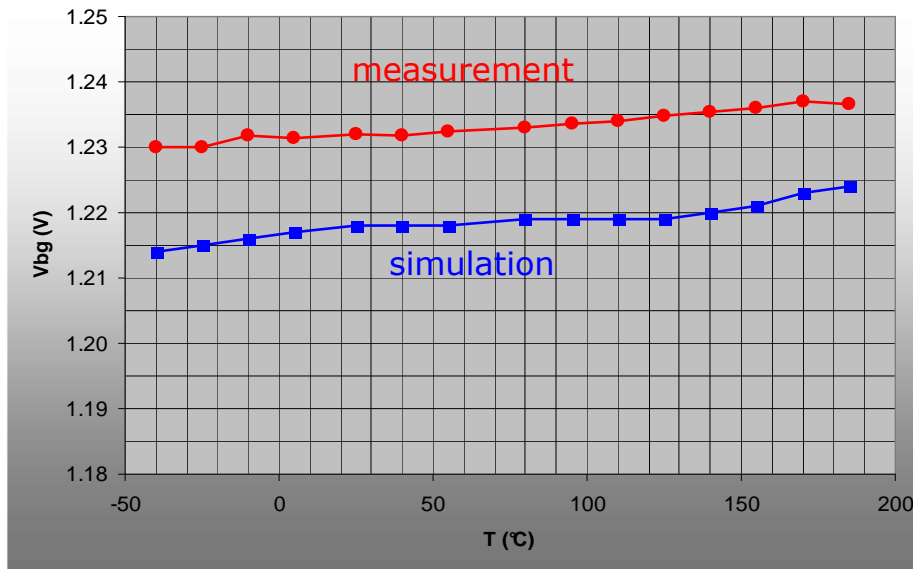
- Important for high temperature regime: $tcjbf1$!



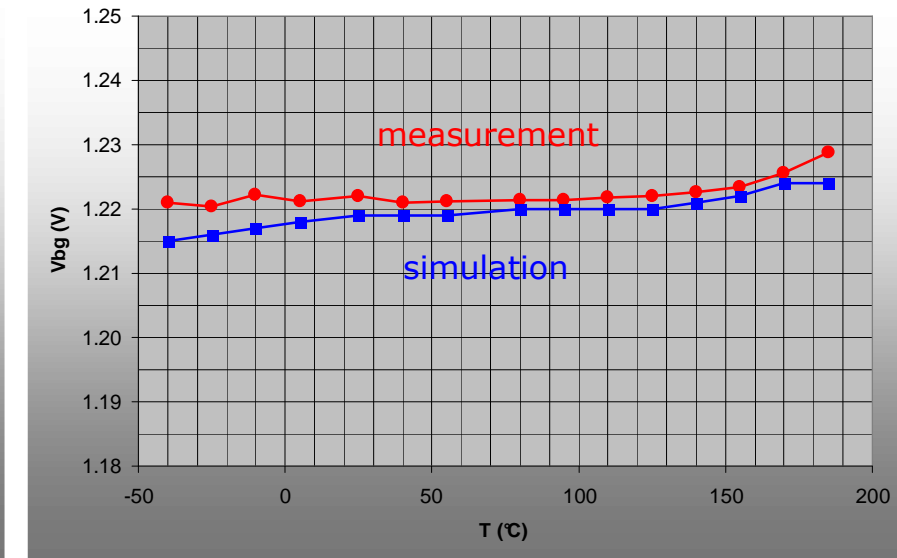
- $tcjbf1$ has an important influence on the bandgap temperature gradient at high temperature, although the operating currents of the bandgap transistors are far below the knee current!
- Very difficult to tune $tcjbf1$, almost impossible from Gummel Plot

Comparison after tcjbf1 fine tuning

1:2x4 bandgap



1:8 bandgap

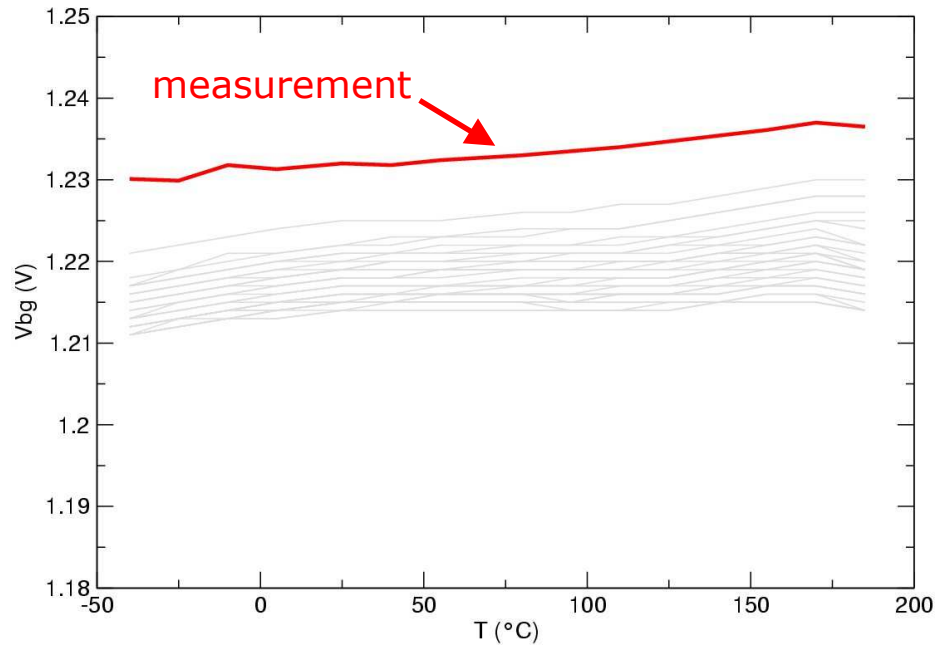


- Temperature gradient perfectly matching
- Origin of offset still not understood

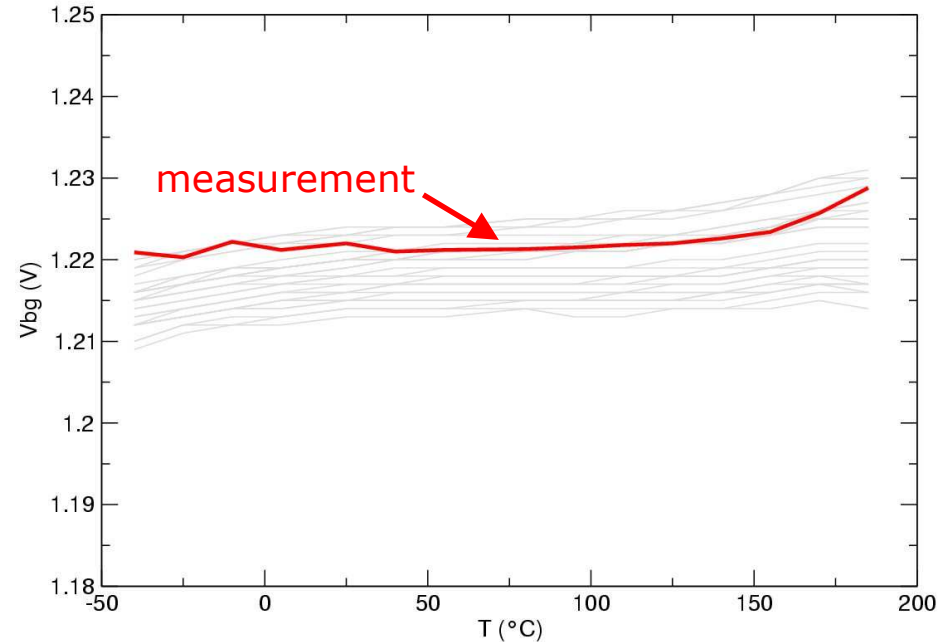
Monte Carlo simulation of the bandgap references



1:2x4 bandgap



1:8 bandgap



- Relevant MC parameters: Beta, collector current, sheet resistance of poly resistors
- MC simulation of 1:8 bandgap covers measurement

Summary

- Two bandgaps differing in the arrangement of the NPNs have been investigated
- Wafer level and packaged sample measurements show a nice coincidence, no package influence detected
- Besides e_g , t_b and p_t the temperature coefficient of the knee current t_{cjb1} is an important model parameter with respect to the bandgap characteristics
- The bandgap with eight single emitter NPNs shows a better matching with simulation than the bandgap with two 4-fold emitter NPNs
- There is an offset of the absolute reference voltage between measurement and simulation in the 1:2x4 bandgap, root cause not yet understood
 - Matching of emitter currents?
 - Remaining inaccuracy in scalable transistor model?